

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS

JESSICA RYBECK o/b/o
ANTHONY J. RYBECK, SR.,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Case No. 13-4048-SAC

CAROLYN W. COLVIN,
Acting Commissioner of
Social Security,

Defendant.

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

On August 26, 2014, this court issued an order reversing the decision of the Commissioner and remanding the case for further hearing (Doc. 12). On December 10, 2014, this court approved an agreed order for attorney fees under the EAJA in the amount of \$5,748.00 (Doc. 17). That order reflected 31.5 hours of work that plaintiff's counsel spent working on the case at the federal court level (Doc. 15-3, 19-6).

After this case was remanded, plaintiff was awarded disability benefits of \$77,144.00. Plaintiff filed a motion for attorney fees under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) (Doc. 18). The Commissioner has no objection to an award of attorney fees, but requests that the court examine the fee request for reasonableness (Doc. 20).

Section 206(b) of the Social Security Act ("SSA"), 42 U.S.C. § 406(b), provides that "[w]henver a court renders a judgment favorable to a claimant ... the court may determine and allow as part of its judgment a reasonable [attorney] fee ... not in excess of 25 percent of the past due benefits." This provision allows the Court to award attorney fees in conjunction with a remand for further proceedings where plaintiff ultimately recovers past due benefits. Wrenn ex rel. Wrenn v. Astrue, 525 F.3d 931, 933 (10th Cir. 2008). Where plaintiff has agreed to a contingency fee arrangement, the Court must review the agreement as an independent check to assure that it yields a reasonable result in the particular case. Gisbrecht v. Barnhart, 535 U.S. 789, 807 (2002).

Plaintiff and her attorney entered into a contingent fee agreement whereby plaintiff agreed to pay her attorney 25% of her retroactive disability benefits if she received an award of disability benefits. Plaintiff received a retroactive award of \$77,144.00. Plaintiff's counsel only seeks attorney fees of \$12,600.00, which is 16.33% of her retroactive benefits. Counsel spent 31.5 hours on the civil litigation. The fee request thus represents an effective hourly rate of \$400.00.

In the case of Grace v. Colvin, 2015 WL 7102292 at *1-2, Case No. 12-1017-JWL (D. Kan. Nov. 13, 2015), the Commissioner had withheld \$28,077.65 (25% of the past-due benefits) from her

award to plaintiff, to be applied to payment of that fee. Counsel's agreement with plaintiff was for 25% of past-due benefits. However, counsel only requested a fee of \$17,000.00 for 39.35 hours of work. This represented an hourly rate of \$432.02. The court found that the attorney fee of \$17,000.00 was reasonable in the circumstances of that case.

In the case of Russell v. Astrue, 509 F.3d 695, 696-697 (10th Cir. Jan. 31, 2013), the court found that an hourly rate of \$422.92 was not beyond the bounds of reasonable judgment or permissible choice. In the case of Brown v. Colvin, Case No. 12-1456-SAC (D. Kan. Sept. 20, 2016), the court found that an hourly fee of \$307.64 was reasonable. In the case of Glaze v. Colvin, Case No. 13-2129-SAC (D. Kan. July 15, 2015, Doc. 23), the court found that an hourly fee of \$293.00 was reasonable. In the case of Sharp v. Colvin, Case No. 09-1405-SAC (D. Kan. Jan. 13, 2015), the court found that an hourly rate of \$258.63 was reasonable. In the case of Bryant v. Colvin, Case No. 12-4059-SAC (D. Kan. Dec. 23, 2014), the court found that an hourly rate of \$418.28 was reasonable. In the case of Roland v. Colvin, Case No. 12-2257-SAC (D. Kan. Dec. 23, 2014), the court found that an hourly rate of \$346.28 was reasonable. In the case of Wulf v. Astrue, Case No. 09-1348-SAC (D. Kan. May 30, 2012, Doc. 23), the court found that an hourly fee of \$321.01 was reasonable. In the case of Vaughn v. Astrue, Case No. 06-

2213-KHV, 2008 WL 4307870 at *2 (D. Kan. Sept. 19, 2008), the court found that \$344.73 was a reasonable hourly fee. In Smith v. Astrue, Case No. 04-2197-CM, 2008 WL 833490 at *3 (D. Kan. March 26, 2008), the court approved an hourly fee of \$389.61. In summary, hourly fees ranging from \$258.63 to \$432.02 have been approved in the cases cited above. See Robbins v. Barnhart, Case No. 04-1174-MLB, 2007 WL 675654 at *2 (D. Kan. Feb. 28, 2007)(In his brief, the Commissioner noted that, in interpreting Gisbrecht, courts have found reasonable fee amounts ranging from \$338.29 to \$606.79 per hour).

The requested hourly rate by counsel is within the range of the hourly fees approved in the above cases. The court therefore finds that a § 406(b) fee of \$12,600.00, which represents an hourly fee of \$400.00 (for 31.5) hours) is a reasonable fee in this case.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the motion by plaintiff's attorney for an award of attorney fees under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) (Doc. 18) is granted. Plaintiff's attorney is entitled to \$12,600.00 in fees under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b). The Commissioner shall pay the fees from the amount she is withholding from plaintiff's past due benefits.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that plaintiff's counsel shall refund to plaintiff \$5,748.00, which he received as fees under the

EAJA, after plaintiff's attorney receives his \$12,600.00 in attorney fees from the Commissioner.

Dated this 19th day of October 2016, Topeka, Kansas.

s/Sam A. Crow

Sam A. Crow, U.S. District Senior Judge