

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS**

**Case No. 11-4003-JAR**

Dismissal of a pro se complaint for failure to state a claim is proper only where it is obvious that the plaintiff cannot prevail on the facts he has alleged and it would be futile to give him an opportunity to amend. In determining whether dismissal is proper, we must accept the allegations of the complaint as true and construe those allegations, and any reasonable inference that might be drawn from them, in the light most favorable to the plaintiff. In addition, we must construe a pro se applicant's complaint

liberally.<sup>1</sup>

Section 1915(e)(2)(B) allows a district court to dismiss a complaint “at any time,” and there is no requirement under the statute that the court must first provide notice or an opportunity to respond.<sup>2</sup> Courts have held that the screening procedure set out in § 1915(e)(2) applies to all litigants proceeding in forma pauperis.<sup>3</sup>

Under *Meeker v. Kercher*,<sup>4</sup> plaintiff’s Complaint must be dismissed because a minor child may not bring suit through a *pro se* party acting as next friend. The Court should raise this issue *sua sponte*.<sup>5</sup> Moreover, there is no indication in the Complaint that Moore is a representative that may sue on behalf of G.L., even if she was represented by counsel, because she is not his guardian, conservator, or other like fiduciary.<sup>6</sup> For these reasons, the Court dismisses plaintiff’s Complaint without prejudice.

**IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED BY THE COURT** that this action is **dismissed without prejudice.**

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Dated: January 27, 2011

S/ Julie A. Robinson  
JULIE A. ROBINSON  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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<sup>1</sup>*Gaines v. Stenseng*, 292 F.3d 1222, 1224 (10th Cir. 2002) (internal quotation marks and citations omitted).

<sup>2</sup>*See Jones v. Barry*, 33 F. App’x 967, 971 2002 WL 725431 (10th Cir. Apr. 25, 2002).

<sup>3</sup>*See Alexander v. Wichita Hous. Auth.*, Case No. 07-1149-JTM, 2007 WL 2316902, at \*2 (D. Kan. Aug. 9, 2007) (citations omitted).

<sup>4</sup>782 F.2d 153, 154 (10th Cir. 1986).

<sup>5</sup>*See Oltremari by McDaniel v. Kan. Social & Rehab. Servs.*, 871 F. Supp. 1331, 1361–62 (D. Kan. 1994).

<sup>6</sup>Fed. R. Civ. P. 17(c).