United States District Court

DISTRICT OF KANSAS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

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ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

		DERRICK L. LASLEY Defendant	Case Number: 08-20082-01-JWL-DJW
	In a	ccordance with the Bail Reform Act. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f), a	detention hearing has been held. I conclude that the following facts
req	uire tl	he detention of the defendant pending trial in this case.	dings of Fact
			J.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) and has been convicted of a (federal offense) (state circumstance giving rise to federal jurisdiction had existed) that is
		a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4).	
		an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imp	prisonment or death.
		an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonmen	nt of ten years or more is prescribed in
		a felony that was committed after the defendant had b U.S.C. § 3142(f) (1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or lo	een convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 18 cal offenses.
	(2)	The offense described in finding (1) was committed while offense.	the defendant was on release pending trial for a federal, state or local
	(3)	A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the the offense described in finding (1).	(date of conviction) (release of the defendant from imprisonment) for
	(4)	assure the safety of (an)other person(s) and the community	ption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably . I further find that the defendant has not rebutted this presumption. Findings (A)
	(1)	There is probable cause to believe that the defendant has co	ommitted an offense
		for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten ye	ars or more is prescribed in
		under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c).	
Ш	(2)	The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required Alternative	by finding 1 that no condition or combination of conditions will red and the safety of the community. Findings (B)
	(1)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.	
	(2)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the	safety of another person or the community.
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pre	I fin ponde	Part II - Written Statement of the credible testimony and information submitted at the crance of the evidence) that	nt of Reasons for Detention he hearing establishes by (clear and convincing evidence) (a
		(See att	ached pages)
def Sta	ility s endan tes or	defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney Gene eparate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or s it shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private cons	Regarding Detention eral or his designated representative for confinement in a corrections erving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The ultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the with a court proceeding.
Dated: August 29, 2008			s/ David J. Waxse Signature of Judicial Officer
			DAVID J. WAXSE, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE Name and Title of Judicial Officer

Part II - Written Statement of Reasons for Detention

There are a series of factors I have to look at to determine whether there are conditions that would justify releasing you.

First is the nature and circumstances of the offense charged, including whether it involves a controlled substance. Obviously it does, so that is a negative.

The next factor is the weight of the evidence. There has been a Grand Jury Indictment, so that is a negative.

The next factor is your character, physical and mental condition. There is nothing there that is a problem, so that would be positive.

Family ties are positive as evidenced by your mother's appearance here.

Employment is negative because you don't show any employment.

The next factor is financial resources. There is no indication you have substantial resources that would enable you to flee, so that is neutral.

Length of residence in the community is positive.

The next factor is past conduct, which includes history relating to drug or alcohol abuse, criminal history, and record concerning appearance at court proceedings. This is a problem because you had numerous contacts with courts as a juvenile.

The next factor is whether at the time of the current offense you were on probation, parole, or other release pending trial. It does not appear that you were.

The final factor is the nature and seriousness of the danger to the community that would be posed by your release. Dealing crack cocaine is a substantial danger to the community. Considering all these factors together, and primarily the problem that within the last year you have failed to appear in two cases and failed to appear at the door when the Marshals tried to get you to come out, you are going to remain detained.