IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS

FELIX BRIGGS,

Plaintiff,

v.

CASE NO. 07-3171-SAC

RANDALL HENDERSON, et al.,

Defendants.

ORDER

Plaintiff, a prisoner confined in the Wyandotte County Adult Detention Center in Kansas City, Kansas, proceeds pro se and in forma pauperis on a complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, seeking relief on allegations that defendants unlawfully interfered with his right of access to the courts.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A, the court directed plaintiff to show cause why the complaint should not be dismissed as stating no claim for relief.¹ In response, plaintiff argues the complaint should not be dismissed because the legal resources available at the jail are clearly insufficient to provide adequate, effective, and meaningful access to the courts.

A prisoner has a fundamental right of access to the courts. Bounds v. Smith, 430, U.S. 817, 828 (1977). The Supreme Court,

¹The court denied plaintiff's later filed motion to amend the complaint to add additional plaintiffs and to proceed as a class action lawsuit.

to "go one step further and demonstrate that the alleged shortcomings in the library or legal assistance program hindered his efforts to pursue a [nonfrivolous] legal claim." Lewis v. Casey, 518 U.S. 343, 351 (1996). "Bounds did not create an abstract, freestanding right to a law library or legal assistance, [and] an inmate cannot establish relevant actual injury simply by

however, now requires an inmate alleging inadequate legal resources

program is subpar in some theoretical sense." <u>Id</u>. See also <u>Treff</u>

establishing that his prison's law library or legal assistance

 \underline{v} . Galetka, 74 F.3d 191, 194 (10th Cir. 1996)(to state claim of

denied access to the court, inmate "must show that any denial or

delay of access to the court prejudiced him in pursuing

litigation").

Because plaintiff makes no showing that he suffered an injury caused by the alleged shortcomings in the jail's library, the court concludes the complaint should be dismissed as stating no claim for relief.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the complaint is dismissed as stating no claim for relief.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: This 8th day of August 2007 at Topeka, Kansas.

s/ Sam A. Crow

SAM A. CROW

U.S. Senior District Judge

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