IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Plaintiff/Respondent,)
v.) Case No. 06-20160) 10-2654
LEOPOLDO GARNICA-ANITA,)
Defendant/Petitioner.))

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

In 2007, Leopoldo Garnica-Anita pleaded guilty to one count of conspiracy to distribute and to possess with intent to distribute more than five kilograms of cocaine. He received a 135-month sentence. Mr. Garnica-Anita did not file a direct appeal.

Mr. Garnica-Anita's case is once again before this court on his motion to vacate his sentence pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 (doc. 174). For the reasons set forth below, this motion is dismissed as untimely.

Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255(f), a criminal defendant has one year from "the date on which the judgment of conviction becomes final" to file a motion for relief under § 2255. 28 U.S.C. § 2255(f). If a defendant files an appeal, his conviction becomes final "when the time expires for filing a petition for certiorari contesting the appellate court's affirmation of the conviction." *Clay v. United States*, 537 U.S. 522, 525 (2003). If a defendant does not appeal, the conviction becomes final after the defendant's deadline

to file an appeal has expired. *United States v. Guerrero*, 488 F.3d 1313, 1316 (10th Cir.

2007).

Here, the judgment against Mr. Garnica-Anita was entered on April 24, 2008. He

did not file a direct appeal. Prior to December 1, 2009, defendants were required to file

a notice of appeal within ten business days of the entry of judgment. Fed. R. App. P.

4(b)(1). The ten-day time expired, and Mr. Garnica-Anita's conviction became final for

purposes of the § 2255 limitations period, on May 8, 2008. The current motion,

however, was not filed until December 1, 2010, nearly seven months past the one-year

time limit in § 2255(f). It is therefore untimely.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED BY THE COURT that Defendant's Motion

to Vacate Sentence Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 (doc. 174) is dismissed.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 18th day of April, 2011.

s/ John W. Lungstrum

John W. Lungstrum

United States District Judge

¹ Although the court did not receive Mr. Garnica-Anita's petition until December 6, 2010, it is deemed filed on the date on which he delivered it to prison officials for mailing. See Burger v. Scott, 317 F.3d 1133, 1136 n.3 (10th Cir.2003) (citing Houston v. Lack, 487 U.S. 266, 276 (1988)) (stating that a § 2255 petition is deemed filed on the date it is delivered to prison officials for mailing).

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