

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS**

<b>UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,</b>	)	
	)	
<b>Plaintiff,</b>	)	<b>CRIMINAL ACTION</b>
	)	<b>No. 04-20044-01-KHV</b>
<b>v.</b>	)	
	)	<b>CIVIL ACTION</b>
<b>ANDRE IVORY,</b>	)	<b>No. 09-2376-KHV</b>
	)	
<b>Defendant.</b>	)	
_____	)	

**SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM AND ORDER**

On February 26, 2010, the Court overruled defendant's Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 To Vacate, Set Aside Or Correct Sentence By Person In Federal Custody (Doc. #514). See Memorandum And Order (Doc. #525) filed July 17, 2009. Effective December 1, 2009, Rule 11 of the Rules Governing Section 2255 Proceedings states that the Court must issue or deny a certificate of appealability when it enters a final order adverse to the applicant. The Court therefore addresses the issue in this supplemental order. "A certificate of appealability may issue . . . only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2).<sup>1</sup> To satisfy this standard, the movant must demonstrate that "reasonable jurists would find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong." Saiz v. Ortiz, 393 F.3d 1166, 1171 n.3 (10th Cir. 2004) (quoting Tennard v. Dretke, 542 U.S. 274, 282 (2004)). For reasons stated in the Memorandum And Order (Doc. #525), the Court finds that defendant has not made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. The Court therefore denies a certificate of appealability as to its ruling on defendant's Section 2255 motion.

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<sup>1</sup> The denial of a Section 2255 motion is not appealable unless a circuit justice or a circuit or district judge issues a certificate of appealability. See Fed. R. App. P. 22(b)(1); 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1).

Dated this 3rd day of May, 2010 at Kansas City, Kansas.

s/ Kathryn H. Vratil  
KATHRYN H. VRATIL  
United States District Judge